

New tools in HOL 4 - Consequence Conversions, Quantifier Heuristics, Styles

Thomas Tuerk

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Consequence Conversions

- **conversions** are ML-functions that given a term t return a theorem $\vdash t = t_{eq}$.
- **consequence conversions** are ML-function that given a boolean term t return a theorem
 - $\vdash t_{strong} \implies t$,
 - $\vdash t = t_{eq}$ or
 - $\vdash t \implies t_{weak}$.
- main function `DEPTH_CONSEQ_CONV`
- functions similar to `THENC`, `REPEATC`

Consequence Conversions II

- `DEPTH_CONSEQ_CONV` supports
 - multiple consequence conversions
 - stepping / weights
 - context
 - assumptions
 - congruences
 - caching
- there are congruences for the standard boolean operators
- `CONSEQ_REWRITE_TAC` and similar tools provide support for rewriting with implications

Quantifier Instantiation Heuristics

- given a term $?x. P x$ there are 3 reasons to instantiate x with a concrete value $I y$:
 - ① $P i$
 - ② $!i'. \sim(i = i') \implies \sim(P i')$
 - ③ $!i'. P i' \implies P i$
- dual to these reasons there are three reasons for all-quantification
- `quantHeuristicsLib` is a library that supports instantiating quantifiers based on heuristics that come up with these guesses

Quantifier Instantiation Heuristics II

- a **quantifier heuristic** is an ML-function that given a term P with a free variable x returns a list a **guesses** on how to instantiate x
- a guess consists of
 - the instantiation i
 - a list of free variables in i that should remain quantified
 - one of the 6 reasons or an *I-just-feel-like-it* reason
 - possibly a justification in form of a HOL-theorem
- if a justification is given, equivalence can be proved
- otherwise an implication is introduced

Quantifier Instantiation Heuristics IV - Interface

- QUANT_INSTANTIATE_CONV
- QUANT_INSTANTIATE_TAC
- FAST_QUANT_INSTANTIATE_TAC
- QUANT_INSTANTIATE_CONSEQ_CONV
- FAST_QUANT_INSTANTIATE_CONSEQ_CONV
- EXTENSIBLE_QUANT_INSTANTIATE_CONV
- QUANT_INST_TAC

Quantifier Instantiation Heuristics III

- library knows about common boolean operators
- there is support for equations
- additional heuristics, rewrites, etc. are grouped in **Quantifier Heuristic Combined Arguments** (QHCA's)
- `quantHeuristicsArgsLib` contains QHCA's for
 - option types
 - pairs
 - lists
 - natural number
- there is a QHCA for type-base and a stateful one
- all default heuristics come with a justifying theorems and therefore guaranteed to preserve equality
- user heuristics can be added easily

Annotations & Styles

- Michael Norish added *annotations* recently to the pretty printer
- annotations convey semantic information
- bound / free variables and types are nicely presented
- I now added *styles* to do user defined presentations
- instead of the semantics one states the desired formatting
 - bold
 - underline
 - foreground colour
 - background colour